

# Call 2025: link with Horizon Europe + tips & tricks

Dieter BRIGITTA

Call Coordinator / Programme Officer

17 March 2025





- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



# **Circular Bio-based Europe Joint Undertaking**

€2 billion public-private initiative

Launched in 2021, operates until 2031 Part of Horizon Europe **European Union** programme Represented by the **European Commission** Contributing to the European Green Deal Bio-based Industries Consortium Building on the success of its predecessor **BBI JU** 

CBE JU is funding projects that deliver bio-based solutions – materials and products made from waste and biomass – in an innovative, sustainable and circular way



#### **CBE JU general objectives**





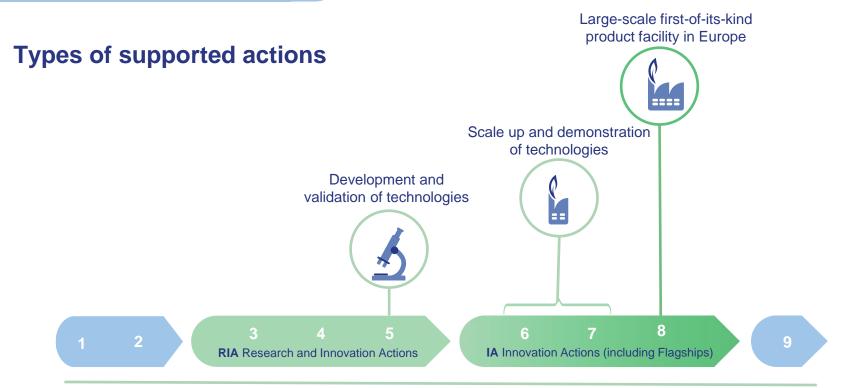


Accelerate the **innovation** process and development of bio-based innovative solutions





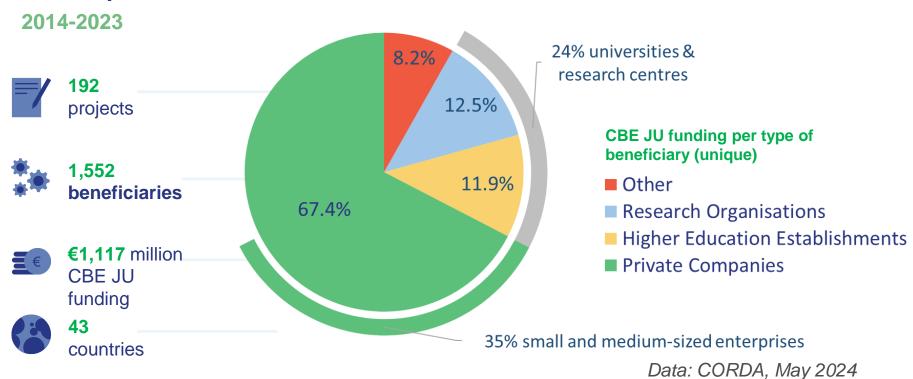


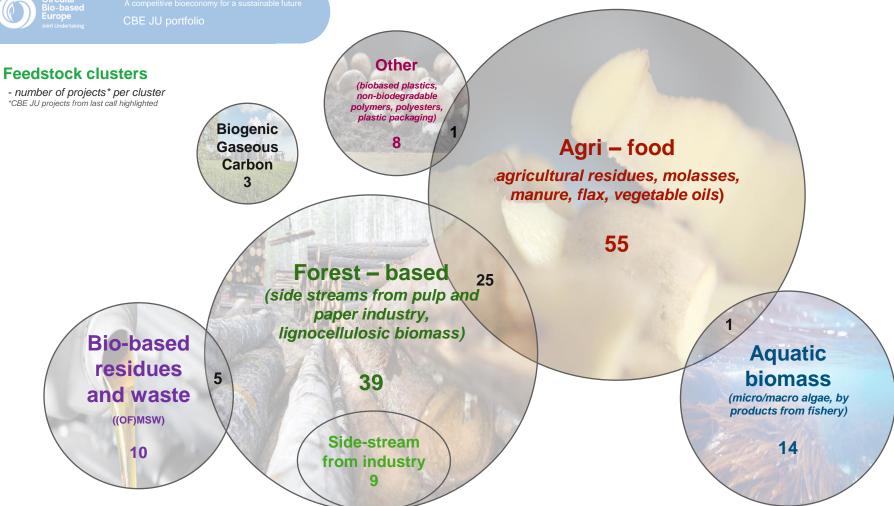


**Technology Readiness Level (TRL)** 



#### **CBE JU portfolio:**





#### **Areas of applications**

- number of projects\* per cluster \*CBE JU projects from last call highlighted Bio-based Chemicals

Bio-based polymers / Bio-based plastics





Crop protection and fertilization





Number of projects

Czechia 17

O coordinated projects

Ongoing Completed

Small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs)

Only private companies

CBE JU funding to SMEs

1,15M€

Number of SMEs

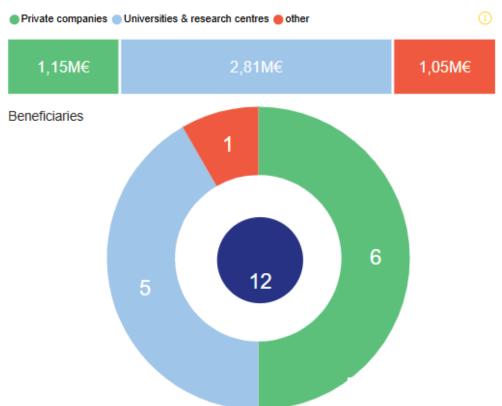
4

Members of the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC)

0

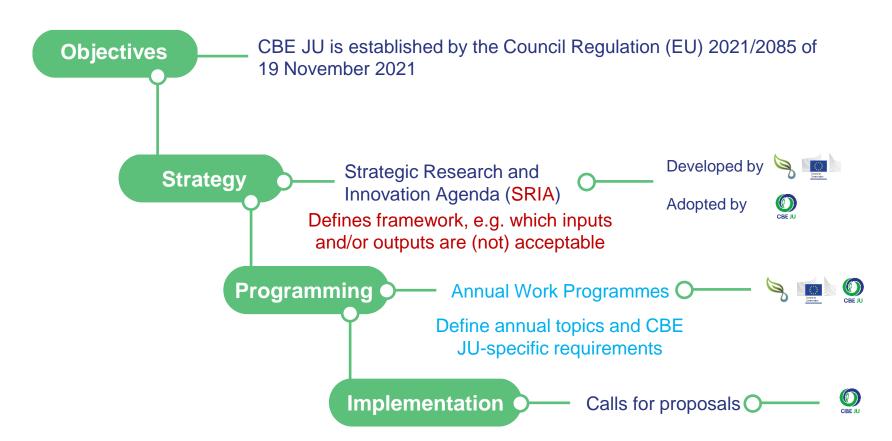
CBE JU funding

# 5,00M€





#### From strategy to implementation



# SRIA – acceptable inputs (1/2)

#### Annex V. Table V.1: Potential feedstock for the bio-based industry<sup>105</sup>

Bio-based feedstock category	Examples of bio-based feedstock
Agri-food feedstock	<ul> <li>Side streams and residual streams (or residues) from agriculture and horticulture.</li> <li>Food and feed waste: bio-waste<sup>106</sup> and side streams from the food and feed production/processing.</li> <li>Non-edible biomass fractions of food crops.</li> <li>Perennial grasses, fibre crops or other industrial crops.</li> <li>Residues of lignocellulosic fraction of industrial crops.</li> <li>Surplus streams from agricultural biomass processing such as carbohydrates or oils, respecting the "food first" and "cascading use" principles.</li> </ul>
Forest-based feedstock	<ul> <li>Damaged and/or contaminated wood.</li> <li>Residues from lignocellulosic biomass and wood from woodlands and the forest-based industry.</li> <li>Certified lignocellulosic biomass or certified woody biomass harvested from sustainably managed forests.</li> </ul>
Aquatic biomass	<ul> <li>Aquatic biomass and residual streams (or residues) from aquatic biomass cultivation, processing, and from fisheries.</li> <li>Industrial biomass grown in open ponds and/or closed systems.</li> </ul>

# SRIA – acceptable inputs (2/2)

#### Annex V. Table V.1: Potential feedstock for the bio-based industry<sup>105</sup>

Industrial and municipal bio-based residues and waste (other than food waste)	<ul> <li>Bio-waste (other than food waste from production; including post-consumer waste).</li> <li>Sewage and wastewater sludge.</li> <li>Used cooking oil.</li> <li>Residues and by-products from the bio-based industry.</li> </ul>
wastej	
	Recycled bio-based products.
	Other residues and waste that can be used in bio-based processes.
Biogenic gaseous carbon	Carbon in gaseous emissions from biomass-based industrial ecosystems and biorefineries or any other bio-based operation.
Other / new	Microbial biomass (including microorganisms).
feedstock	Insects and fungi.
	Residues from nature and landscape management (bio-waste other)
	than food and post-consumer waste).
	Products derived from multifunctional forestry practices (other than
	wood).

A non-exhaustive list...but an interesting framework

# SRIA – acceptable outputs

#### • SRIA, p.3

- "The bio-based solutions and innovations that fall within the scope of CBE should focus on the production of bio-based chemicals, materials, food and feed ingredients and soil nutrients."
- "Biofuels, bioenergy, food and feed, pharmaceuticals and medical devices are **not** within the remit of the partnership."

#### • Each Annual Work Programme (AWP)

- Can include more narrow input and/or output requirements (e.g. specific focus of a topic, feedstock sourcing and sustainability requirements)...
- ...but submitted proposals always need to be in line with the SRIA and AWP
- I.e. if the AWP or topic does not limit the use of certain inputs, or does not explicitly aim for specific outputs, then the SRIA requirements / framework are still applicable



- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A

# 13 topics and their budget

#### Many input- and/or output-agnostic topics => check SRIA for framework

Type of action		Topics HORIZON-JU-CBE-2025	Million EUR
	IAFlag-01	Urban-industrial symbiosis for bio-waste valorisation	18
IA-	IAFlag-02	Bio-based drop-ins/smart drop-in platform chemicals, via cost-effective, sustainable and resource-efficient conversion of biomass	20
Flagship	IAFlag-03	Circular-by-design fibre-based packaging with improved properties	18
	IAFlag-04	Retrofitting of (bio)refineries industrial plants towards higher-value bio-based products	20
	IA-01	Sustainable macroalgae systems for innovative, added-value applications: cultivation and optimised production systems	14
	IA-02	Safe and Sustainable by Design (SSbD) bio-based solutions to replace hazardous conventional chemicals for textiles production	13.5
IA	IA-03	Scaling-up nutritional proteins from alternative sources	14
	IA-04	Cost-effective and robust continuous biotech bio-based processes	14
	IA-05	SSbD bio-based polymers/copolymers unlocking new market applications	13.5
	R-01	Valorisation of untapped forest biomass	7
RIA	R-02	Bio-based and biodegradable delivery systems for fertilising products to reduce microplastics pollution & promote soil health	6
	R-03	Alternative biomanufacturing routes for natural and synthetic rubber	6
CSA	S-01	Develop and deploy new curricula and knowledge exchange practices relevant to bio-based systems	1

Total 165

<u>Disclaimer</u>: topic updates (incl. budget) are still possible before Call publication in the F&T Portal (tentative: 3 Apr 2025)

# **Call topic structure**

Topic

AWP 2025

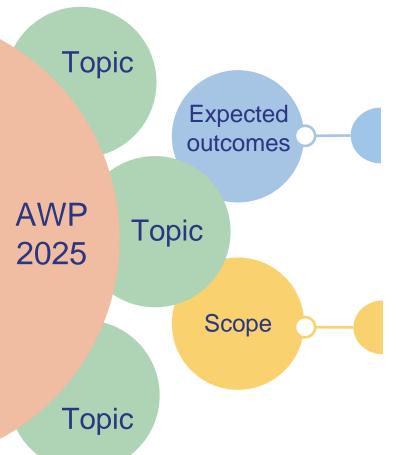
Topic

Topic

#### HORIZON-JU-CBE-2025-XX-NN Topic title

Type of action	Research and Innovation Action					
Indicative budget	The total indicative budget for the topic is EUR 14 million					
Expected EU contribution per project	oution per outcomes to be addressed appropriately. Nonetheless, this does n					
TRL	TRL 6-7 at the end of the project					
Link to CBE JU Specific Objectives	1.1: Increase the intensity of cross-disciplinary research and innovation activities					
Link to CBE JU SRIA Strategic Priorities	1.1.2: Develop innovative production systems in the bio-based industry 1.1.3: Develop innovative bio-based products					
CBE JU KPIs	4.5 Number of products with improved life cycle environmental performance 5.1 Number of innovative products that are biodegradable, compostable, recyclable, reused or upcycled (circular-by-design) 5.2 Number of projects developing circular production practices (incl. industrial & industrial urban symbiosis) 6 Increase innovative bio-based outputs and products					

# **Call topic structure**



#### The 'change' to be achieved

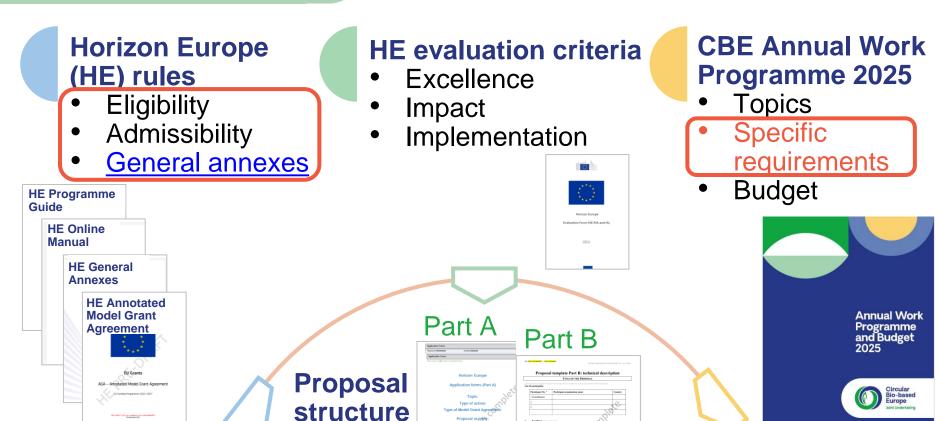
- Provides a broad description of what is the impact to be achieved by the project
- The dissemination and exploitation of future research results are vital for the impact`

#### The 'problem'

- Identifies the aspects of the challenge that needs to be tackled
- Specifies a **perimeter** to the problem described
- Does not specify the expected solutions to the problem, nor the approach to be taken



# **Horizon Europe + CBE requirements**



# CBE JU vs. HE 'general annexes'

#### • Eligibility & admissibility criteria

- Same as the ones mentioned in the Horizon Europe General Annexes (*no derogation*)
- Most common issue in Calls 2022-2024 (although still rare overall): consortium composition (for RIAs and IAs incl. flagships: min. 3 independent legal entities, with at least 1 from a Member State (MS), and 2 others from different MS and/or Associated Countries
- **Priority order in case of equal scores?** Same rules as mentioned in the Horizon Europe General Annexes (*no derogation*)
  - 1) Proposals that address aspects of the call that have not otherwise been covered by more highly ranked proposals will be considered to have the highest priority.
  - 2) The proposals identified under 1), if any, will themselves be prioritised according to the scores they have been awarded for 'Excellence'. When these scores are equal, priority will be based on scores for 'Impact'. In the case of 'Innovation actions', priority will be given to the score for 'Impact', followed by that for 'Excellence'.
  - If necessary, the gender balance among the researchers named in the researchers table in the proposal, will be used as a factor for prioritisation.
  - If necessary, any further prioritisation will be based on geographical diversity, defined as the number of Member States or Associated Countries represented in the proposal,

# CBE JU Call 2025 specific requirements (1/2)

Specific CBE JU requirement	Type of action	Where to include it in Part B
Feedstock sourcing (eligibility condition)	RIA and IA, incl. FLAG	Part B – (Y/N) question
Feedstock sustainability requirements	RIA and IA, incl. FLAG	Part B – (Y/N) question
Description of feedstock	RIA and IA, incl. FLAG	Part B – 1.2 Methodology
Environmental performance		
a) Ex-ante assessment	RIA and IA, incl. FLAG	Part B – 1.2 Methodology
Identification of environmental issues		
Estimation of environmental sustainability performance		
Estimation of carbon removal potential		
b) Ex-post assessment		
Dedicated task for RIA	RIA	Part B - 3.1 Workplan and
Dedicated task or WP (LCSA) for IA non-FLAG	IA, incl. FLAG	resources

# CBE JU Call 2025 specific requirements (2/2)

Specific CBE JU requirement	Type of action	Where to include it in Part B
Multi-actor approach (MAA)	IA, incl. FLAG RIA and CSA, when specified	Part B – 1.2 Methodology
Economic aspects:		
Qualitative business case	RIA	
Quantified business case and business model	IA non-FLAG	Part B – 2.2 Measures to maximise
Executive summary of the business plan, including the underlying business case and business model	FLAG	impact – D&E&C
Business plan	FLAG	FLAG: Annex (Business plan)
Digital technologies	RIA and IA, incl. FLAG	Part B – 1.2 Methodology
Cross-disciplinary aspects and Social Sciences and Humanities (SSH)	All types of actions	Part B – 1.2 Methodology



# Similarities and differences with Horizon Europe



#### **Funding rate**

• RIA: 100%



CSA: 100%



#### **Award criteria**

 RIA, IA & CSA: Excellence, Impact, Implementation



+ Impact:

Ability to ensure 5% (RIA), 15% (IA) or 20% (IAFlag) of in-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP)

= minimum IKOP percentage



#### **Page limit**

• RIA: 50 p.

IA: 70 p.

• CSA: 30 p.



#### **Scoring thresholds**

• Excellence: 3/5

Impact: 4/5

Implementation: 3/5

• Total: 11/15

# **IKOP vs BIC membership**

#### • IKOP?

- Total eligible costs minus total requested funding (of BIC members)
- Only applicable to RIA and IA incl. Flagships
- CBE JU evaluation subcriterion (5%, 15% or 20% threshold, depending on type of action)

#### BIC membership

- CBE JU will check BIC membership during evaluation...
- ...via an Annex to the proposal: 1 pdf file with all 'BIC membership certificates' or BIC members involved in the consortium
- BIC membership certificates to be requested to BIC via https://bic.elisca.app/membership/certificate/registration
- When building your consortium, you might encounter organisations interested in becoming a BIC member (and who could 'boost' your IKOP)
- 'Project membership': temporary membership option, (only') relevant for CBE JU Calls: the organisation will become a BIC member if their proposal is successful



# In-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP) (1/3)

#### **FLAGSHIPs**

**IKOP** = Total eligible costs – Requested EU contribution (of **private members**)

In CBE JU, the only private member is the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC).

→ Minimum percentage of IKOP must be reflected in the budget of partners that are BIC members.

Example 1: IA Flagship Criterion: ≥ 20% IKOP	BIC member	Industry / Academia	Total eligible costs	Funding rate	Requested EU contribution	IKOP
Beneficiary 1 - Coordinator (BIC member)	Y	industry	€ 7,000,000	60%	€ 4,200,000	€ 2,800,000
Beneficiary 2	N	academia	€ 590,000	100%	€ 590,000	
Beneficiary 3 (BIC member)	Y	industry	€ 5,000,000	60%	€ 3,000,000	€ 2,000,000
Beneficiary 4	N	industry	€ 3,000,000	60%	€ 1,800,000	
Beneficiary 5	N	academia	€ 800,000	100%	€ 800,000	
TOTAL			€ 16,390,000		€ 10,390,000	€ 4,800,000

Percentage IKOP =  $\frac{\text{€ 4,800,000}}{\text{€ 16,390,000}} = 29,3\% > 20\%$ 





# In-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP) (2/3)

### **Innovation Actions** (example 2a: 1 BIC member)

**IKOP** = Total eligible costs – Requested EU contribution (of private members)

In CBE JU, the only private member is the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC).

→ Minimum percentage of IKOP must be reflected in the budget of partners that are BIC members.

Example 2a: IA Criterion: ≥ 15% IKOP	BIC member	Industry / Academia	Total eligible costs	Funding rate	Requested EU contribution	IKOP
Beneficiary 1 - Coordinator (BIC member)	Y	industry	€ 3,200,000	60%	€ 1,920,000	€ 1,280,000
Beneficiary 2	N	academia	€ 590,000	100%	€ 590,000	
Beneficiary 3	N	industry	€ 1,500,000	60%	€ 900,000	
Beneficiary 4	N	industry	€ 3,000,000	60%	€ 1,800,000	
Beneficiary 5	N	academia	€ 800,000	100%	€ 800,000	
TOTAL			€ 9,090,000		€ 6,010,000	€ 1,280,000

Percentage IKOP =  $\frac{\text{€1,280,000}}{\text{€9,090,000}} = 14,1\% < 15\%$ 





# In-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP) (2/3)

### **Innovation Actions** (example 2b: 2 BIC members)

**IKOP** = Total eligible costs – Requested EU contribution (of private members)

In CBE JU, the only private member is the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC).

→ Minimum percentage of IKOP must be reflected in the budget of partners that are BIC members.

Example 2b: IA Criterion: ≥ 15% IKOP	BIC member	Industry / Academia	Total eligible costs	Funding rate	Requested EU contribution	IKOP
Beneficiary 1 - Coordinator (BIC member)	Y	industry	€ 3,200,000	60%	€ 1,920,000	€ 1,280,000
Beneficiary 2	N	academia	€ 590,000	100%	€ 590,000	
Beneficiary 3 (BIC member)	Y	industry	€ 1,500,000	60%	€ 900,000	€ 600,000
Beneficiary 4	N	industry	€ 3,000,000	60%	€ 1,800,000	
Beneficiary 5	N	academia	€ 800,000	100%	€ 800,000	
TOTAL			€ 9,090,000		€ 6,010,000	€ 1,880,000

Percentage IKOP =  $\frac{\text{€1,880,000}}{\text{€9,090,000}}$  =20.6% > 15%



# In-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP) (3/3)

### RIAS (example 3a: 1 BIC member)



**IKOP** = Total eligible costs – Requested EU contribution (of **private members**)

In CBE JU, the only private member is the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC).

→ Minimum percentage of IKOP must be reflected in the budget of partners that are BIC members.

Example 3a: RIAs Criterion: <u>≥ 5% IKOP</u>	BIC member	Industry / Academia	Total eligible costs	Funding rate	Requested EU contribution	IKOP (only for BIC members)
Beneficiary 1 - Coordinator	Y	industry	€ 2,000,000	100%	€ 2,000,000	
Beneficiary 2	N	academia	€ 590,000	100%	€ 590,000	
Beneficiary 3 (BIC member)	Υ	industry	€ 700,000	100%	€ 500,000	€ 200,000
Beneficiary 4	N	industry	€ 300,000	100%	€ 300,000	
Beneficiary 5	N	academia	€ 800,000	100%	€ 600,000	
TOTAL			€ 4,390,000		€ 3,990,000	€ 200,000

Percentage IKOP =  $\frac{\text{€ } 200,000}{\text{€ } 4.390,000} = 4,5\% < 5\%$ 





# In-kind contribution to operational activities (IKOP) (3/3)

### RIAS (example 3b: 2 BIC members)



**IKOP** = Total eligible costs – Requested EU contribution (of **private members**)

In CBE JU, the only private member is the Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC).

→ Minimum percentage of IKOP must be reflected in the budget of partners that are BIC members.

Example 3b: RIAs Criterion: ≥ 5% IKOP	BIC member	Industry / Academia	Total eligible costs	Funding rate	Requested EU contribution	IKOP (only for BIC members)
Beneficiary 1 - Coordinator	Y	industry	€ 2,000,000	100%	€ 2,000,000	
Beneficiary 2	N	academia	€ 590,000	100%	€ 590,000	
Beneficiary 3 (BIC member)	Υ	industry	€ 700,000	100%	€ 500,000	€ 200,000
Beneficiary 4	N	industry	€ 300,000	100%	€ 300,000	
Beneficiary 5 (BIC member)	Y	academia	€ 800,000	100%	€ 600,000	€ 200,000
TOTAL			€ 4,390,000		€ 3,990,000	€ 400,000



### "CBE, does my idea fit topic X?"

#### Q 3.2.1: Can CBE JU check if a proposal idea is good or in line with the topic text?

No, mainly because of the following reasons:

- CBE JU Calls follow a competitive process, and the programme office cannot provide individual guidance in the interest of transparency and fairness;
- CBE JU proposals are not evaluated by CBE JU staff members, but by external experts with
  diverse expertise, who evaluate each proposal individually and in a panel setting. It is therefore
  up to each consortium to clearly describe how their proposal ticks all the boxes described in the
  topic text, and to convince these external experts (not CBE JU staff) that and how the proposal's
  objectives, concept, expected impacts and implementation measures are in line with the topic
  text;
- The CBE JU topic texts are the result of co-creation between the European Commission and BIC (<a href="http://biconsortium.eu/">http://biconsortium.eu/</a>), and include the feedback from CBE JU's Scientific Committee and States Representatives Group. Based on these inputs, the topic texts are written in such a way that they clearly explain the challenge, yet leave a fair amount of freedom to proposal writers to come up with a suitable solution. It is up to each consortium to convince the external experts if and how the proposal's solution is appropriate to address the challenges and expected impacts described in the topic text.
- Proposal writers have 30-70 pages depending on the type of action to develop their idea and to convince expert-evaluators. A 1-page summary of a proposal idea might at first sight be 100% relevant for a topic text, but when described in 30-70 pages, it might NOT be relevant after all (and vice versa).

https://www.cbe.europa.eu/open-calls-proposals\_=> FAQ for applicants

#### Proposal pre-check service available

Applicants from eligible countries (*incl. Czechia*) can make use of the **pre-check proposal service** offered by the NCP\_WIDERA.NET project. Apply for the pre-check.

This service is part of the <u>CBE JU widening participation strategy</u> actions. More information on the <u>NCP\_WIDERA.NET portal</u>.

#### **Institutionalised European Partnerships**

- Innovative Health Initiative Joint Undertaking
- European Partnership for Key Digital Technologies
- European Partnership for Smart Networks and Services
- European Partnership for High Performance Computing
- European Partnership on Metrology
- Clean Hydrogen Partnership
- European Partnership for Clean Aviation
- SESAR 3 Joint Undertaking
- European Partnership for transforming Europe's rail system
- Circular Bio-based Europe Joint Undertaking

Project ends on 31/03/2025 => still time & budget?



# How to approach a successful proposal in CBE JU

### 2 April 2025, 9:00 – 13:30 Brussels



# **Target Group:** 50 potential applicants from widening countries

◇ Registration here - free but compulsory: first come, first served! More info: click here

### What to expect?

Two participatory sessions on **Excellence** and **Impact** 

Participants will gain practical insights for their proposals by **engaging with NCPs**, **CBE and BIC officers**, and **experienced applicants**.

Don't miss the opportunity to enhance your proposal-writing skills & network with key players in the field!



- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A

- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A





- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



## Call 2024 results analysis

#### Call 2024:

- **559** proposals *created* in Portal
  - 125 remained in draft ('test' proposals...or missed submission deadline?)
  - 136 deleted by project coordinators
  - 298 proposals submitted
    - > 30 proposals were invited for Grant Agreement Preparation ('main list')
    - ➤ 35 proposals were placed on the 'reserve list'
    - > 119 proposals were above thresholds, but did not make the 'main' or 'reserve' lists
    - > 105 proposals were below threshold(s) (did not pass one or more of the evaluation threshold(s))
    - > 9 proposals did not meet the Horizon eligibility and admissibility criteria

74 x above threshold(s), non-reserve

105 x below threshold(s)

9 x ineligible/withdrawn



## Call 2024 submission analysis

16/07/2024

07/08/2024

26/08/2024

17 (14,3%)

22 (20,1%)

4 (44,4%)

Would there be correlation (or even causation) between the creation time of a

 Created between...
 Median creation date
 Created in September

 30 x Main list
 24/04 - 03/09
 18/06/2024
 1 (3%)

 35 x Reserve list
 24/04 - 29/08
 08/07/2024
 0 (0%)

24/04 - 18/09

25/04 - 18/09

22/05 - 15/09

- Positive correlation between early proposal creation and success rate
- Possible reasons for *causality*: more time to build a solid consortium and cover all requirements, expecially for IAs + FLAGs
- Early creation = earlier awareness about elements blocking submission (IT tool provides warnings) = more time to solve them => starting to work in the Portal asap adds value!



## Horizon Europe scoring principles



The proposal fails to address the criterion or cannot be assessed due to missing or incomplete information.



**Poor.** The criterion is inadequately addressed, or there are serious inherent weaknesses.



Fair. The proposal broadly addresses the criterion, but there are significant weaknesses.

CBE JU evaluation thresholds: 3/5 or 4/5 (impact)



Good. The proposal addresses the criterion well, but a number of shortcomings are present.



**Very Good.** The proposal addresses the criterion very well, but a small number of shortcomings are present.



**Excellent.** The proposal successfully addresses all relevant aspects of the criterion. Any shortcomings are minor.



## Call 2024 – evaluation outcomes

#### Call 2024: 289 evaluated proposals

- Using the 3 main Horizon Europe evaluation criteria: Excellence, Impact and Implementation
- Each main criterion is further split into different evaluation subcriteria
- Horizon Europe scoring principles are used
  - Max. score: 5 points per criterion, so max. 15/15 for whole proposal
  - Score per criterion is defined by how many (minor) shortcomings and/or weaknesses are identified by expert-evaluators

#### Analysis of evaluation outcomes

- Check which are the most common shortcomings and weaknesses...
- ...for all proposals, for RIAs, and for IAs (to check if there is a difference or not) is
- No analysis for CSAs and Flagships, because (too) limited amount of proposals to draw statistically relevant conclusions



## Outcomes – all proposals

Rank	Most common weaknesses	Most common shortcomings
1	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text
2	Exc – Methodology	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>
3	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs	Impl – Risk table incl. mitigation measures
4	Exc – is the proposal (fully or partially) in scope	Exc – Methodology
5	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs



## Outcomes – IAs incl. Flagships

Rank	Most common weaknesses	Most common shortcomings
1	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text
2	Exc – Methodology	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>
3	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs
4	Impa – Business case	Impl – Risk table incl. mitigation measures
5	Impa – Business model	Exc – Methodology



## Outcomes – RIAs

Rank	Most common weaknesses	Most common shortcomings
1	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text	Impa – Expected outcomes in topic text
2	Exc – Methodology	Exc – Methodology
3	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>
4	Exc – is the proposal (fully or partially) in scope	Impl – Risk table incl. mitigation measures
5	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs



## Conclusions

#### All proposals

- 'Expected outcomes in the topic text' is the source of the most common shortcomings and weaknesses in all proposals, as well as IAs and RIAs (!)
- 2-3/5 most common weaknesses are linked to Excellence
   (Methodology, ambition, in scope) => you can't hide a bad idea...
- Top 5 most common shortcomings are the same for all types proposals, only in a different order
- In particular, Risk & mitigation measures are top 3-4/5 in shortcomings in all types of actions

## Quid proposals scoring 13.5-14.5?

## Proposals scoring between 13.5 and 14.5/15

- In Call 2024: 85 such proposals (so statistically relevant)
- Often on the threshold of (not) getting funding
- By definition: no weaknesses, only shortcomings

What would be the most common shortcomings for these - often very well-written - proposals?

Rank	Most common shortcomings
1	Impa – Business model (only in IAs incl. Flagships)
2	Impa – Economic viability check (only in RIAs)
3	<pre>Impl - Work plan (overall structure, tasks, milestones, deliverables,)</pre>
4	Impa – Communication measures
5	Exc – ambition (going beyond the state of the art) + appropriate TRLs



## Conclusions & considerations

- IAs incl. Flagships: business case and business model are 2/5 most common weaknesses
- Shortcomings in proposals scoring between 13.5-14.5
  - 3/5 most common shortcomings are linked to impact...
  - ...although NOT to 'Expected outcomes in the topic text', where the most shortcomings and weaknesses are found in all proposals (!)
  - The top 2 most common shortcomings are i) economic in nature (business model and economic viability check), and ii) CBE JU-specific evaluation criteria

**CBE JU is an impact-driven programme**, and therefore has some very specific impact-related evaluation subcriteria: **business case**, **business model**, **business plan** 



#### **Table of contents**

- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



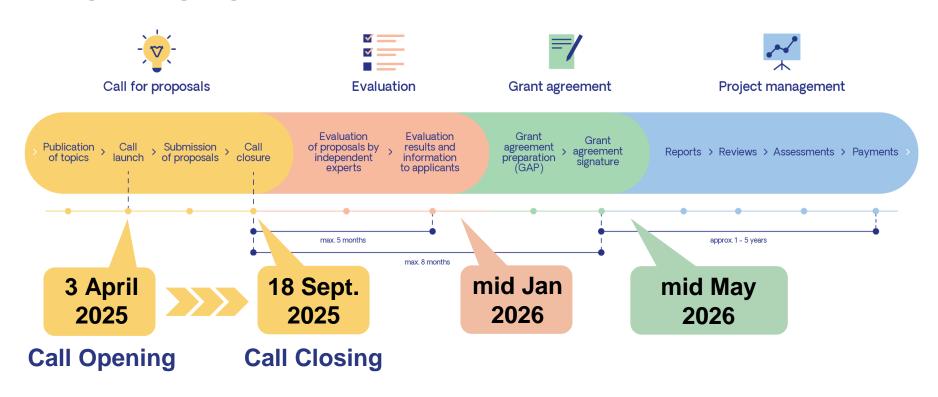
#### **Table of contents**

- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



#### Estimated project start = May-June 2026

## **Proposal preparation**





### A good and convincing CBE JU proposal



Ensure that the proposed work is within the **scope** of the topic



Demonstrate that the idea is **ambitious** and goes beyond the **state of the art** 



Your **methodology** must take into account open science practices and interdisciplinarity (+ gender dimension, if applicable)



Show clearly how the proposed work could contribute to the **outcomes and impacts** described in the work programme (the pathway to impact)



Describe the planned measures to **maximise the impact** of the project ('plan for dissemination & exploitation including communication activities')



Demonstrate the quality of the **implementation**, including work plan, resources and participants

Read carefully the **AWP2025** and the **Strategic Research and Innovation Agenda (SRIA)**, for a good understanding of the context and long-term objectives of CBE JU !!!



## **Build a strong consortium**

Are there any **competence** gaps in the consortium?

Match elements of Topic (and Proposal) to individual partners in the consortium.



#### During proposal writing:

- Significant level of upfront commitment from all partners is crucial, as costs are not eligible before project start.
- ➤ High level of confidence between partners is key.
- ➤ Talk early about handling of IPR these will need to be confirmed formally in the Consortium Agreement before signature of the Grant Agreement.

## ec.europa.eu/info/funding-tenders/opportunities/portal



#### cbe.europa.eu/ networking-platform



#### biconsortium.eu







## Funding & tender opportunities

Single Electronic Data Interchange Area (SEDIA)

## **Funding & Tender opportunities Portal**

- 'Partner search' facility for each topic encoded in the Portal
- Purpose: (free) publication of publicly visible partner search requests
- Accessible via <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/info/funding-tenders/opportunities/portal/screen/opportunities/topic-search">https://ec.europa.eu/info/funding-tenders/opportunities/portal/screen/opportunities/topic-search</a>







### **CBE JU networking platform**

- Annually updated & free partner search facility offered by CBE JU, more tailored to CBE needs than the Portal's partner search facility
- Open since mid-February 2025, will remain open until (at least) call closure on 18 Sept 2025
- Different services: 'Find & be found'
  - Partner search & expressing interest in on or more topics;
  - Presentation of project ideas
  - Showcasing / offering your expertise
  - Direct messaging & scheduling B2B meetings
  - Registration for the CBE JU info days
- Accessible via <a href="https://www.cbe.europa.eu/networking-platform">https://www.cbe.europa.eu/networking-platform</a>

# CBE JU networking platform 2025



# Join the platform Register now!

Engage with other European bio-based economy actors Find the right partners for your proposal







Forestry and pulp

& paper

#### biconsortium.eu



The Bio-based Industries Consortium (BIC) is a non-profit organisation connecting industry, academia, regions and citizens to transform bio-based feedstocks into novel sustainable products and applications, and create circular bioeconomy ecosystems through investments, innovation and know-how.

Aquaculture

& marine



Waste management

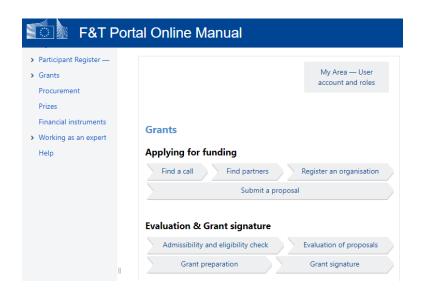
& treatment

100

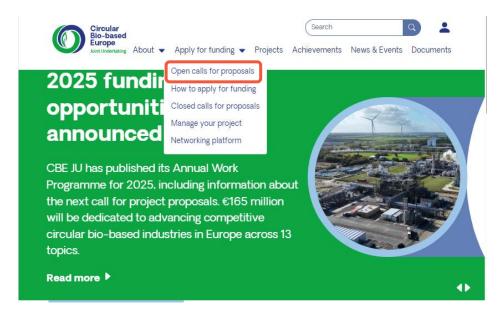
BIC also carries out specific activities to achieve a favourable policy, regulatory and financing framework for the bio-based industries, such as representing our members interest vis-à-vis the EU Institutions.



#### Two main sources of information



https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/funding-tendersopportunities/display/OM/Online+Manual



<u>https://www.cbe.europa.eu/open-calls-proposals</u>
(Incl. FAQ for applicants, link to networking platform,...)

# CBE JU Info Day 2025



3 April, Brussels Register now!

#CBEInfoDay







#### **More information**



Subscribe to CBE JU newsletter



cbe.europa.eu



Become a **BIC Member** 



biconsortium.eu



Horizon Europe Funding and Tender portal



europa.eu/!jH76RF



#### **Table of contents**

- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A



#### **Table of contents**

- The Circular Biobased Europe Joint Undertaking
- Call 2025
  - Call 2025 topic overview & structure
  - CBE JU vs. Horizon Europe: similarities & differences
  - CBE specific requirements (incl. IKOP)
- Q&A
- Proposal preparation: Lessons learnt from past calls
- Call 2025 timing, tips & tricks and networking opportunities
- Q&A

